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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/600,209	06/20/2003	Dhananjay V. Keskar	42P16126	9022
8791	7590	10/16/2007	EXAMINER	
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN 1279 OAKMEAD PARKWAY SUNNYVALE, CA 94085-4040			SMITH, CREIGHTON H	
		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		2614		
		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
		10/16/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/600,209	KESKAR ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Creighton H. Smith	2614

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on ____.
- 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.
- 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) Claim(s) 1-10 and 12-24 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) ____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) Claim(s) ____ is/are allowed.
- 6) Claim(s) 1-10 & 12-24 is/are rejected.
- 7) Claim(s) ____ is/are objected to.
- 8) Claim(s) ____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) The drawing(s) filed on ____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) All b) Some * c) None of:
 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. ____.
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____.
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application
Paper No(s)/Mail Date ____.	6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: ____.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1- 10, 12-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bork et al in view of O'Neil et al, U.S. Patent Publication #2004/0224693.

Bork's wireless communication device has an intelligent alerting system, col. 3, lines 34-36. The wireless device has an alerting system that is determined from the operating environment. The terminal's CPU will adjust the audio, visual, and tactile alerting signals based on the operating environment. Bork et al disclose a few examples of a user's "physical context information" in col. 2, lines 4-6 & 57-65, where Bork discloses that the wireless device samples the noise level surrounding the terminal and other inputs such as light sensing, temperature sensing, motion sensing and the date. Bork's light, temperature, and motion sensing inputs reads upon applicant's "physical context information" and Bork's real time clock including date reads upon applicant's "location information". Also see col. 6, lines 53-60; col. 7, lines 53-61. Bork et al also disclose a real time clock **202** (including date) – col. 9, lines 42 et seq. The date, i.e., the time of day, is used to establish an alert based upon the time of day. The "date" and "time of day" disclosed by Bork et al reads upon applicant's location information.

Bork et al fail to disclose that schedule information is one of the inputs that is going into their alerting system. However, O'Neil et al do disclose in ¶-0076 that the Personal

Information Manager keeps a calendar for the customer notifying him/her of appointments, meetings, deadlines, etc. To have incorporated O'Neil et al teaching of using a calendar/scheduling information as part of the alerting/notifying means in Bork et al wireless device would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art because both Bork et al and O'Neil et al are disclosing different input means that are used to generate alerts in wireless, mobile devices, and the skilled practitioner in the wireless arts with these two references in front of her would have found them readily combinable because of the fact that different inputs are being used to generate the alerts in Bork et al than in O'Neil but common sense would show that the alerts of either reference could easily be used in the other reference.

For claim 2, Bork et al disclose in col. 2, line 7, that the wireless device will modify its notification behavior by generating either a tactile (vibrating), or visual signal. This meets applicant's limitations of claim 2 of a flashing display screen and a blinking LED.

Concerning claim 4, Bork et al disclose in col. 2, lines 35 et seq. that one of the physical pieces of information is passive audible sensing of the environment which meets applicant's limitation in claim 4 of "ambient noise information." In lines 56 et seq. of col. 2, Bork discloses some other physical pieces of information that affect the alerting signal in the wireless device are: light sensing, temperature sensing, and motion sensing.

For claim 18, see Bork et al cols. 10-11, lines 65-67 & 1-4.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Creighton H. Smith at telephone number 571/272-7546.

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Creighton H Smith
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 2614